

# Swedish Program for Energy Efficiency in Energy Intensive Industry (PFE)



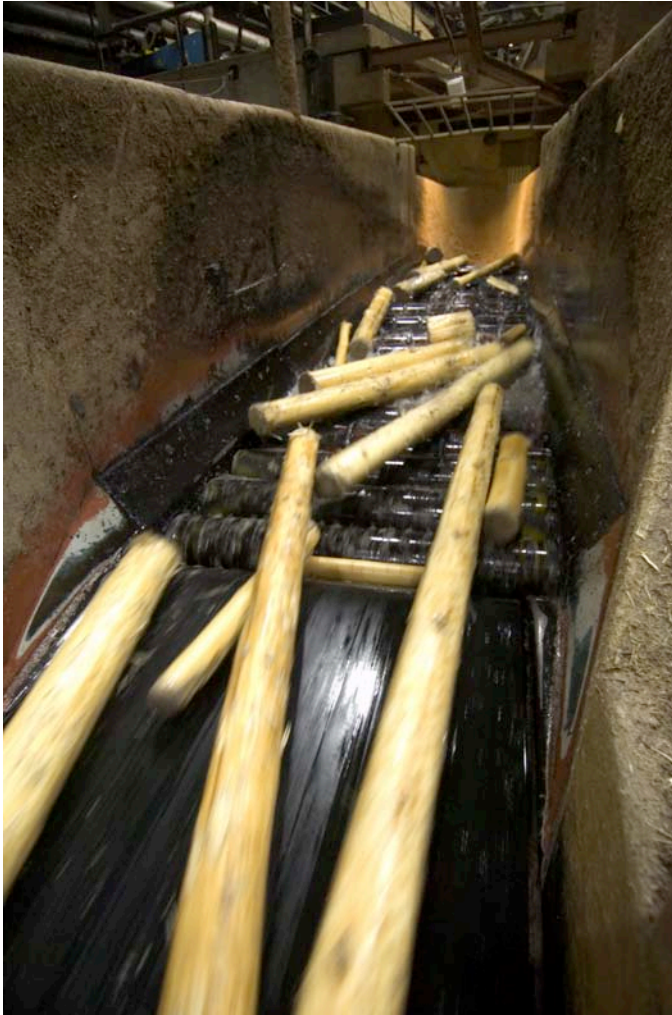
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# PFE

- Aim is to increase the energy efficiency in energy intensive manufacturing industry
- Background: Adjustment to EU energy tax directive
- Incentive: Tax reduction 0,5 € / MWh => 0 € / MWh
- Commitments to a series of activities to increase energy efficiency
- Voluntary program





# Which companies can participate?

- ✓ Energy intensive manufacturing industry that...
- ✓ Use electricity in the manufacturing process and....
- ✓ Can be expected to fulfill the requirements in the program.

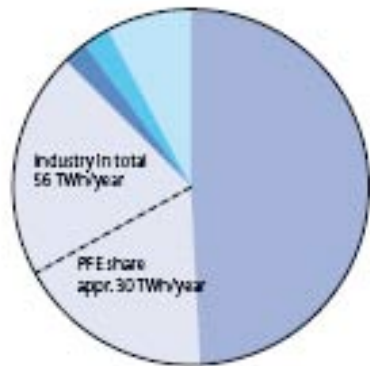
Criteria for being *energy intensive*:

- Sum of energy, CO<sub>2</sub> and sulphur taxes  $\geq$  0,5 % of the added value
- Purchase of energy products and electricity  $\geq$  3 % of the production value

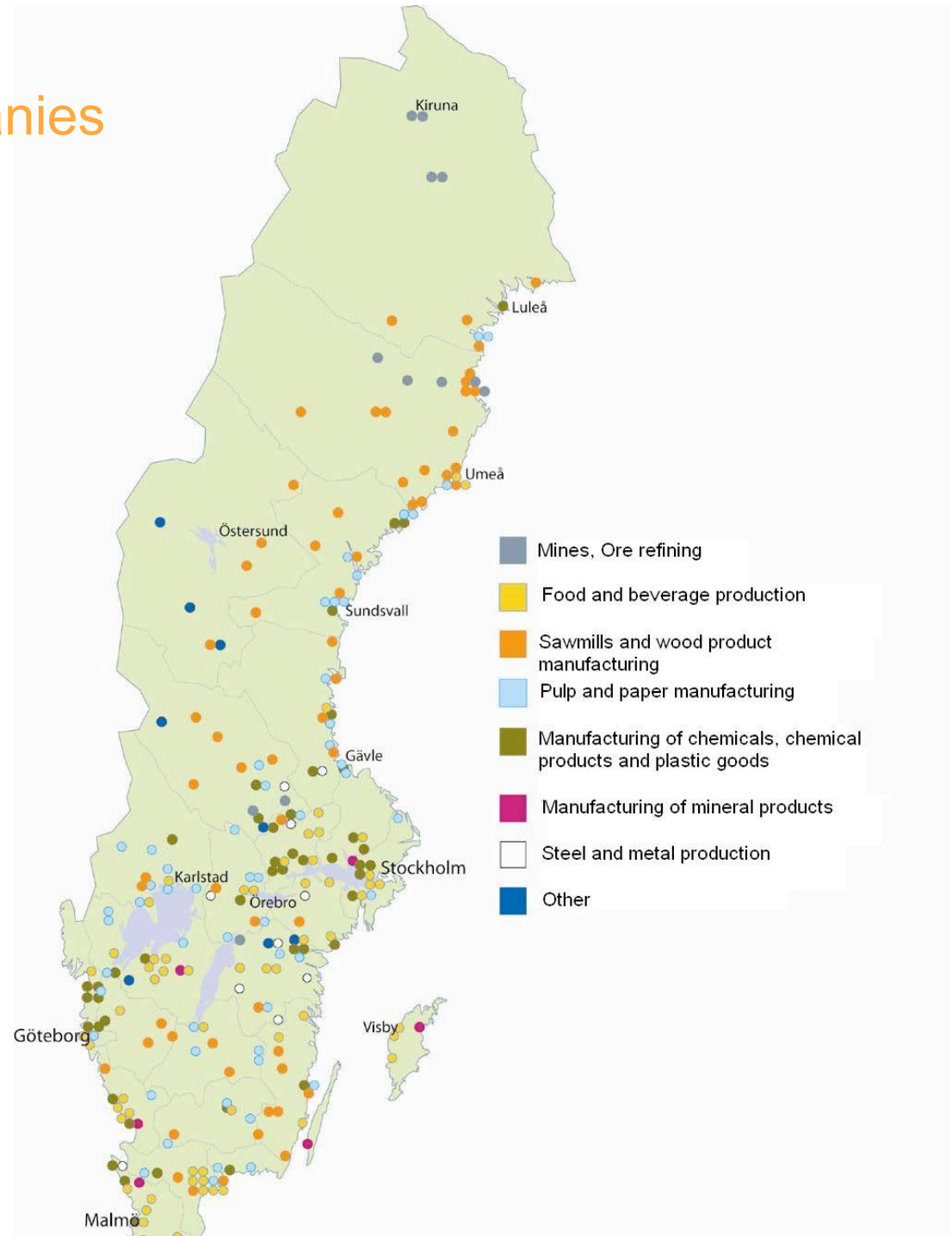


- 117 participating companies
- 250 plants
- 30 TWh electricity/year

**Electricity consumption in Sweden**



Dwellings and services 72 TWh  
 Industries, 56 TWh  
 Domestic transports, 3 TWh  
 District heating, refineries, 4 TWh  
 Distribution losses, 11 TWh  
 Total: 146 TWh



# PFE: A five year program

**Program start**

**2 years**

Report to the  
Swedish Energy Agency

**5 years**

Final report to the  
Swedish Energy Agency



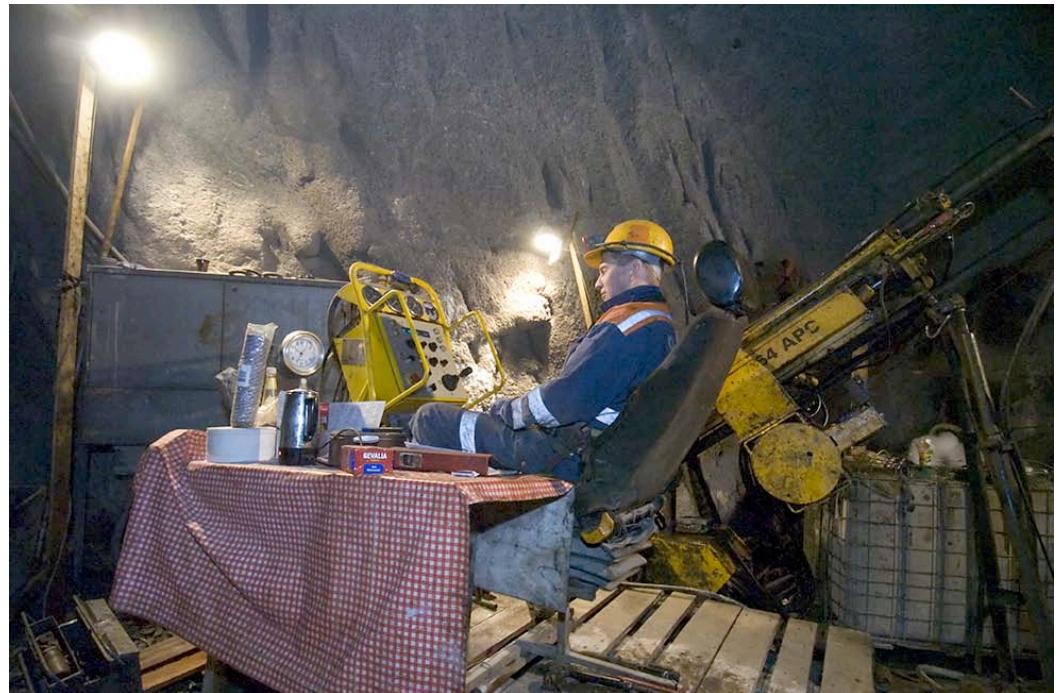
- Implement and certify EMS
- Energy audit and analysis
- Find measures
- Implement routines for procurement & planning

- Apply EMS
- Realize reported measures
- Apply routines
- Effects of routines

# Routines for purchasing

Equipment  $> 30$  MWh electricity/year, the company can choose between:

1. equipment of highest energy class or
2. equipment based on calculation of Life Cycle Cost (LCC)



- Startside
- Sök
- Listor
- PFE-Ärende
- Ansökan
- ▼ Redovisning år 2
  - Beredning
  - Ändringslogg
  - Beslut
  - ▼ Blankett
    - Administrativa uppgifter
    - Kartläggning och analys
    - **Åtgärdsförteckningar**
    - ELS och certifiering
    - Summering
    - Kontroll och inlämning
    - Tidigare redovisning
- Redovisning år 5
- Fil till Skatteverket
- Logga ut

v.1.6.2529.26484

## Redovisning år 2 - Åtgärdsförteckningar

**Status** Expedierad **Företag:** Södra Cell AB **Diarienummer:** 2005-02124

Elåtgärder år 3-5 | Elåtgärder år 1-2 | Övriga åtgärder | Tidigare åtgärder

Åtgärds-ID	Åtgärdsrubrik
01	SCV xxxa Ny turbin G3
02	SCM 3265 Torn 10 byte av pumphjul
09	SCM 3269- Byte av insprutningspump till ångsystem
10	SCM 3258 VKK pumpar
11	SCM 3259 Varmvattenpumpar
12	SCM 3260 Södra Cell - Ångturbinpumpar

Åtgärds-ID **10**

Typ av åtgärd

Pumpsystem

Åtgärdsrubrik

SCM 3258 VKK pumpar

Identifieringssätt:

Tidigare känd

Åtgärdsbeskrivning

Energioptimering VKK-pumpar (82-0612, 82-0613, 82-0625).

En av de befintliga pumparna förses med ett större pumphjul och en större motor. Denna pump kan då ensam klara att leverera allt VKK-flöde. De båda andra pumparna används som back-up och vid behov av väldigt stora flöden.

Minskning av

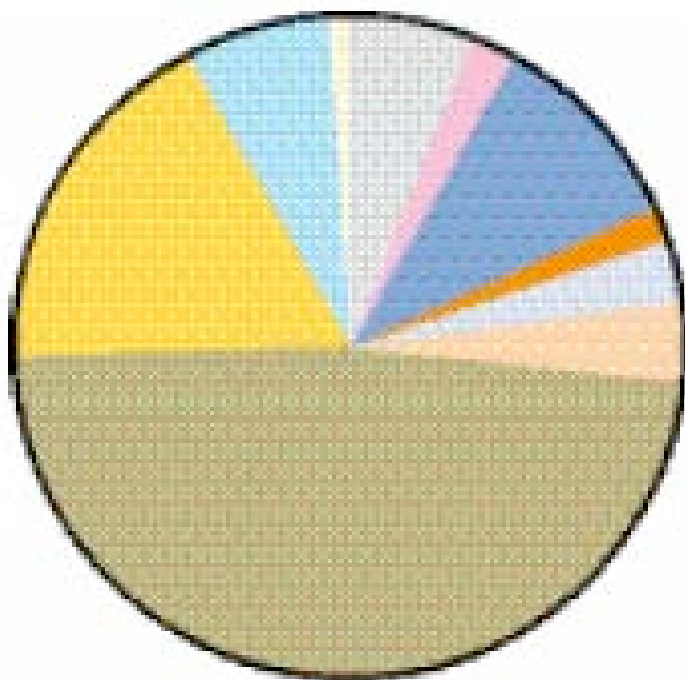
kWh/MWh

Enl  
1.4

Skriv ut



# What kind of measures?

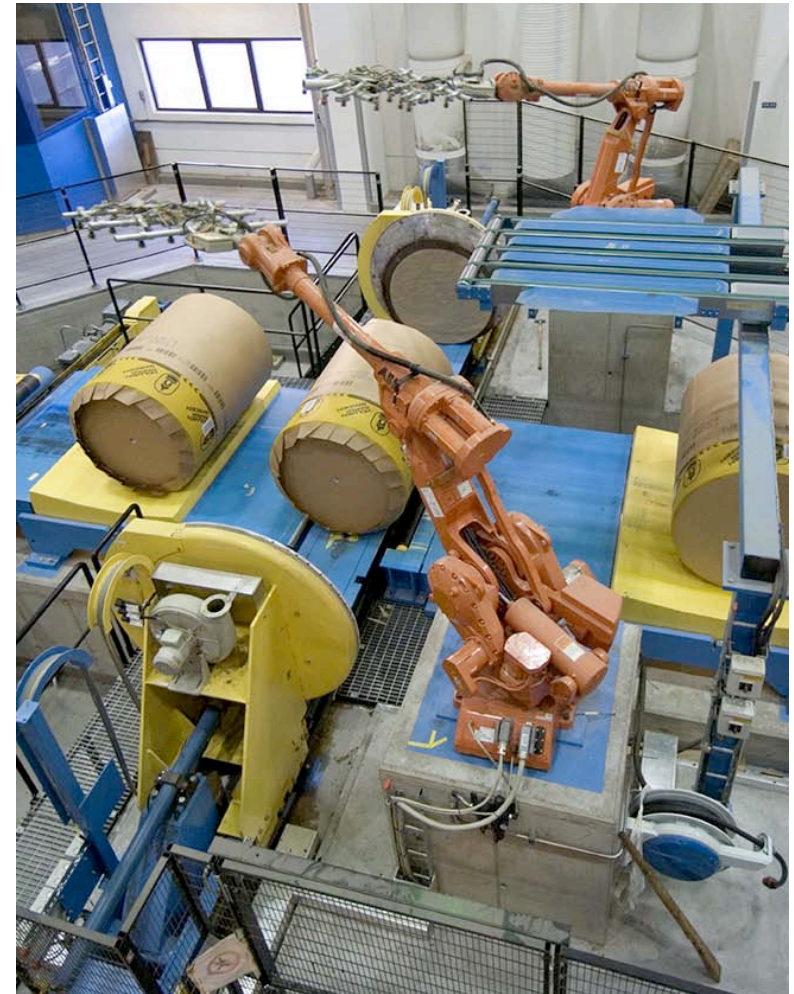


- Lighting, 1%
- Fan systems, 6%
- Indirect electrical efficiency improvements, 2%
- Compressed air systems, compressors, 10%
- Cooling systems, 2%
- Space heating and ventilation systems, 3%
- Electrical motors, 4%
- Production processes, 48%
- Pumps, 17%
- Other electrical efficiency improvements, 7%



# Measures

- **Processes**
  - ✓ Demand control
  - ✓ Optimization
- **Motors, pumps, fans**
  - ✓ Inverters
  - ✓ Energy efficient equipment
- **Compressors, vacuum systems**
  - ✓ Leak seeking and sealing
  - ✓ Waste Heat Recovery
- **Ventilation**
  - ✓ waste heat recovery
  - ✓ demand control
- **Lighting**
  - ✓ energy efficient appliances
  - ✓ demand control



# Results so far...

- 900 measures
  - 1 TWh/year
- Corresponds to:
- Total use of electricity for 40 000 Swedish houses
  - Total Swedish wind power production (900 GWh)
- 
- Investments 106 million euro
  - Savings 53 million euro
  - Average pay off 2 years
  - Tax reduction 16 million euro



## 1 TWh by 900 measures

**– wouldn't the companies have carried out these measures anyway?**

- 50 % of the measures have been found through “PFE energy audits”
- 35 % of the measures were known before PFE but had not been carried out
- 15 % of the measures have been identified otherwise

General problem within the industry, energy efficiency is not prioritized. It is usually set aside for other issues such as production, quality, personnel- and financial resources, working environment etc.



# Experiences/results...

- Energy audits have identified many, earlier unknown, profitable measures,
- Equipment suppliers testify of an increased demand for energy efficient equipment from their costumers and an increased focus on LCC,
- All companies participating in PFE have implemented and certified an EMS but only one company not participating in PFE,
- EMS have involved all employees and created a structure for the energy work. Several companies have educated all employees in energy issues,
- PFE specifies demands and has clear deadlines. Important to ensure that energy efficiency is not put aside for other strategic or more acute issues,
- The companies have been positive to the structures of the program, and to having deadlines,
- Many companies have employed energy coordinators or PFE coordinators,
- Investment budgets have been set apart for energy efficiency measures,
- PFE have brought energy issues to a management level,
- New networks created, regional and per trade,
- PFE requires administration at the companies,
- Incentives and commitments have to be “in balance”.

**Thank you for your  
attention!**

Camilla Ottosson

